## RESOLUTION OF THE NAVAJO NATION COUNCIL

23 ${ }^{\text {RD }}$ NAVAJO NATION COUNCIL -- Third Year, 2017


#### Abstract

AN ACT RELATING TO THE RESOURCES AND DEVELOPMENT, LAW AND ORDER, BUDGET AND FINANCE, AND NAABIK'ÍYÁTI COMMITTEES, AND THE NAVAJO NATION COUNCIL; APPROVING AMENDMENTS TO $24 \mathrm{~N} . \mathrm{N} . \mathrm{C}$. § 620 OF THE NAVAJO NATION SALES TAX TO ALLOW FOR AN EMERGENCY RESERVE FUND AND A REPLACEMENT RESERVE FUND FOR THE NAVAJO TRIBAL UTILITY AUTHORITY


BE IT ENACTED:

## Section One. Authority

A. The Resources and Development Committee is a standing committee of the Navajo Nation Council and oversees utilities and public utilities to establish Navajo Nation policy with respect to optimum utilization of all Navajo Nation resources. 2 N.N.C. $\$ 500$ (A) and $\$ 500(C)(1)$.
B. The Law and Order Committee is a standing committee of the Navajo Nation Council and is empowered to review and make recommendations to the Navajo Nation Council on proposed amendments to and enactments to the Navajo Nation Code. 2 N.N.C. $\$ 500$ (A) and $\$ 500(\mathrm{C})(1)$.
C. The Budget and Finance Committee is a standing committee of the Navajo Nation Council and exercises oversight authority over budget and finance for the purposes of recommending to the Navajo Nation Council the adoption of resolutions designed to strengthen the fiscal and financial position of the Navajo Nation and to promote the efficient use of the fiscal and financial resources of the Navajo Nation. 2 N.N.C. §§ 300 (A) and 300 (C) (3).
D. The Naabik'íyáti' Committee is a standing committee of the Navajo Nation Council. A proposed resolution that requires final action by the Navajo Nation Council shall be assigned to the standing committee having authority over the subject matter at issue and the Naabik'íyáti' Committee. 2 N.N.C. §§ $164(A)(9)$ and $700(\mathrm{~A})$.
E. The Navajo Nation Council must review and approve enactments or amendments of positive law. 2 N.N.C. §§ $164(\mathrm{~A})$ 。

## Section Two. Findings

A. The Navajo Nation Department of Water Resources (NDWR) and the Navajo Tribal Utility Authority (NTUA) proposes an amendment to the Navajo Nation Sales Tax allocation of revenue to assist in developing a Replacement Reserve Fund and an Emergency Fund (Funds) for the public water and wastewater systems on the Navajo Nation.
B. These two funds are a Federal requirement imposed upon the Navajo Nation by the Bureau of Reclamation in order to transfer the operation, maintenance, and repair of the Navajo Gallup Water Supply Project to the Navajo Nation.
C. The proposed amendment to the allocation of sales tax revenue provides a method of how the Navajo Nation can meet the obligations set forth by the Bureau of Reclamation to transfer the operation, maintenance, and repair of the Navajo Gallup Water Supply Project to the Navajo Nation.
D. NTUA operates more than 100 public water and wastewater systems with more than 5,800 miles of pipeline serving more than 130,000 people. Moreover, NTUA has no reserve of funds to replace its aging systems. NTUA collects water use fees from customers to address ongoing operations and maintenance, which is not applied towards funding an emergency reserve fund or a replacement funds. See Memoranda from Jason John, Branch Manager, Navajo Nation Department of Water Resources, and Water Management Branch, attached as Exhibit 1 .
E. NDWR and NTUA have provided a concept paper on the need for a Replacement Reserve Fund and an Emergency Fund (the Funds), including a portion of the sales tax collected on the construction of water and wastewater systems. The concept paper is attached as Exhibit A.
F. The Management Board of NTUA has passed Resolution NTUA-2709, entitled "Approving Pursuit of the Establishment of a Navajo water System Reserve Trust Fund for the Repair and Future Replacement of Public Water Systems within the Navajo Nation." This Resolution is attached as Exhibit B.
G. The Navajo Tax Commission's Policy Regarding the Use of Tax Revenue, Resolution TAX-09-213 is provided, which indicates its preference to remain neutral on the issue of earmarking tax revenue. This Resolution is attached as Exhibit C.
H. A draft Fund Management Plan is attached as Exhibit D.
I. A graphic representation is provided to show how the Sales Tax funds and others may be combined to establish adequate funding levels. This graphic is attached as Exhibit E.
J. The proposal to amend the Navajo Nation Sales Tax has been reviewed through the 164 review process. Comments from the Office of the Controller, the Office of Management and Budget, and the Department of Justice are included as part of the 164 review. These documents are attached as Exhibit 2.

## Section Three. Amendments to Title 24

The Navajo Nation amends the Navajo Nation Code 24 N.N.C. § 620, as follows:

NAVAJO NATION CODE ANNOTATED<br>TITLE 24. TAXATION<br>CHAPTER 6. SALES TAX

## § 620. Allocation of Revenue

After allocation to permanent or special revenue funds as required by Navajo Nation law, and allocation to the Tax Administration Suspense Fund as required by the fiscal policy adopted by the Navajo Tax Commission for such Fund, the net revenue from this Chapter shall be disbursed as follows:
A. To the extent that any amount is collected pursuant to Section $605(\mathrm{~B})$ above, that amount shall be transmitted by the Office of the Navajo Tax Commission to the chapter in a timely manner, to be expended in accordance with the ordinance referred to in Section 605(B), above.
B. Except as otherwise provided in subsections (C) or (D), sixty percent ( $60 \%$ ) of the revenue collected shall be deposited into the General Fund of the Navajo Nation, twenty percent (20\%) of the revenue collected shall be
deposited into the Judicial/Public Safety Facilities Fund, ten percent ( $10 \%$ ) of the revenue collected shall be deposited to the Scholarship Fund, and ten percent (10\%) of the revenue shall be deposited to the Economic Development Fund to be appropriated pursuant to a fund management plan approved by the Budget and Finance Committee of the Navajo Nation Council.
C. Sixty percent (60\%) of the revenue collected from retail establishments located in the Navajo Nation shall be deposited into a trust fund to be appropriated pursuant to a plan of operation developed by the Office of Navajo Government Development and approved by the Budget and Finance Committee of the Navajo Nation Council; twenty percent (20\%) of the revenue collected shall be deposited into the Judicial/Public Safety Facilities Fund to be appropriated pursuant to a fund management plan approved by the Budget and Finance Committee of the Navajo Nation Council; ten percent (10\%) of the revenue collected shall be deposited into the Scholarship Fund to be appropriated pursuant to a fund management plan approved by the Budget and Finance Committee of the Navajo Nation Council and ten percent (10\%) of the revenue collected shall be deposited into the Economic Development Fund to be appropriated pursuant to a fund management plan approved by the Budget and Finance Committee of the Navajo Nation Council.
D. Sixty-percent (60\%) of the revenue collected from the Sales Tax revenue associated with construction of public water and wastewater systems shall be deposited into the Navajo Tribal Utility Authority Emergency Reserve Fund and the Navajo Tribal Utility Authority Replacement Reserve Fund in accordance with a fund management plan approved by the Budget and Finance Committee of the Navajo Nation Council. Monies from those funds will be expended in accordance with the fund management plan. Twenty percent (20\%) of the revenue collected shall be deposited into the Judicial/Public Safety Facilities Fund to be appropriated pursuant to a fund management plan approved by the Budget and Finance Committee of the Navajo Nation Council; ten percent (10\%) of the revenue collected shall be deposited into the Scholarship Fund to be appropriated pursuant to a fund management plan approved by the Budget and Finance Committee of the Navajo Nation Council and ten percent ( $10 \%$ ) of the revenue collected shall be deposited into the Economic Development Fund to be appropriated pursuant to a

> fund management plan approved by the Budget and Finance Committee of the Navajo Nation Council.

## Section Four. Codification

The provisions of the Act which amend or adopt new sections of the Navajo Nation Code shall be codified by the Office of Legislative Counsel. The Office of Legislative Counsel shall incorporate such amended provisions in the next codification of the Navajo Nation Code.

## Section Five. Saving Clause

Should any provision of this Act be determined invalid by the Navajo Nation Supreme Court or the District Courts of the Navajo Nation, without appeal to the Navajo Nation Supreme court, the remainder of the Act shall remain the law of the Navajo Nation.

## Section Six. Effective Date

The provisions of this Act shall become effective in accordance with 2 N.N.C. § 221 (B).

## CERTIFICATION

I hereby certify that the foregoing resolution was duly considered by the Navajo Nation Council at a duly called meeting in Window Rock, Navajo Nation (Arizona) at which a quorum was present and that the same was passed by a vote of 11 in favor and 03 opposed, on this $17^{\text {TH }}$ day of October 2017.


LoRenzo C. Bates, Speaker Navajo Nation Council

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\frac{/ 0-2 \cdot \nearrow \gamma}{\text { Date }}
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Motion: Honorable Nathaniel Brown
Second: Honorable Otto To

Speaker Bates not voting

ACTION BY THE NAVAJO NATION PRESIDENT:

1. I hereby sign into law the foregoing legislation, pursuant to ${ }^{2}$ NiNe. t . $\$ 1005$ (c)(10) on 2017.

2. I hereby veto the foregoing legislation, pursuant to 2 N.N.C. §1005 (c)(11), on this day of $\qquad$ $2 \overline{017 \text { for }}$ reason(s) expressed in the attached letter to the Speaker

## MEMORANDUM

Date: February 9, 2017
To: Council Delegate Alton Shepherd
Chairperson, Resources and Development Committee
From:


Re: Summary of 164 Review Document 005290 to Modify the Navajo Nation Tax Code for NTUA Emergency Reserve and Replacement Funds

This proposal seeks to modify the Navajo Nation Tax Code to set aside a portion of the tax collected from the construction of public water and waste water systems, and a portion of the sales tax from the Navajo Tribal Utility Authority (NTUA) water and wastewater services, to be used by NTUA for the Capital Replacement Reserve and Emergency Fund for the Public Water and Wastewater Systems Operated by NTUA. If the changes in the Tax Code are authorized, the specific details of this plan will be defined and approved by the appropriate oversight committee before funds can be accessed.

NTUA operates more than 100 public water and wastewater systems with more than 5,800 miles of pipeline serving more than 130,000 people. The depreciated value of these existing systems is more than $\$ 400$ hundred million dollars. The Navajo Gallup Water Supply Project and the impending Sihsain and PTF projects will bring the total value of those assets to more than $\$ 1$ billion. However, there is no fund set up to deal with these aging and impending facilities. Many of the older systems are deteriorating. Even now, NTUA has a tough time maintaining and repairing these existing systems. As they age the problem worsens. During cold hard freezes, during droughts, and during heavy monsoon events, systems will fail. It will become harder and harder for NTUA to keep up with this increasing load. These system failures will drive away businesses and economic development. This issue is a Navajo Nation problem, and not just an NTUA operation problem. The future well-being of the Nation is at stake. A majority of the current public water systems were construction through Navajo Area Indian Health Service and those construction agreements did not and do not provide funds for this purpose. NTUA only collects water use fees to address ongoing operation and maintenance, not to create an emergency reserve and replacement fund.

This proposal is one of several steps that the Navajo Nation and NTUA anticipate will generate funds for this purpose. For instance, in addition to this measure, the Council has committed $\$ 10$ million from the Sihasin Budget. However, these Sihasin funds are intended to be used primarily for the projects constructed pursuant to the Sihasin Budget, and not for water projects constructed through different authorities. A figure showing graphically how these and others resources may be combined to establish adequate funds is included. Specifically, the new proposed Tax Code language would allocate:

Sixty percent ( $60 \%$ ) of the revenue collected from the Sales Tax revenue associated with construction of public water systems and the Sales Tax revenue associated with Navajo Tribal Utility Authority operating revenue from the provision of water and wastewater services shall be deposited into the Navajo Tribal Utility Authority Emergency Reserve and Replacement Fund to be appropriated pursuant to a fund management plan approved by the Budget and Finance Committee of the Navajo Nation Council.

Over the next ten years it is estimated that this Tax Code change may generate approximately $\$ 39$ million for this purpose. The reasons for modifying the Tax Code and creating these NTUA Funds include:

1. Funds of this type have not been set up in the past to address aging existing water systems that deliver water to businesses and more than 130,000 residents of the Navajo Nation. During the last few decades, many of these facilities were constructed pursuant to MOA's between the Navajo Nation and the Indian Health Service with ownership being transferred to the Navajo Nation. Without Funds of this type to address emergencies and replacement, restoring basic services to customers may be delayed by weeks.
2. The Bureau of Reclamation will require Funds of this type for the operator of the $\$ 1.13$ billion Navajo Gallup Water Supply Project. The Navajo Nation Municipal Pipeline will require a similar transfer agreement with provisions for Emergency Reserve and Replacement Funds. These requirements are an obligation of the Navajo Nation.
3. Much of the overall expense associated with these systems is due to federal regulations, for instance the Safe Drinking Water Act and the Clean Water Act.
4. Charging water users directly for creating these Funds could result in significant rate hikes that could make it difficult for many households to afford drinking water.
5. These Funds will help enable NTUA to continue to operate public water systems throughout the Navajo Nation long into the future.

Supporting documents include: Exhibit A the Concept Paper that describes the reasons for the creation of the NTUA Emergency Reserve and Replacement Funds; Exhibit B, a supporting resolution from the NTUA Management Board; Exhibit C, a neutral resolution from the Navajo Tax Commission; Exhibit D, Draft Fund Management Plan; Exhibit E, The-proped amendments to the and Exhibit E a Figure showing graphically how these and others resources may be combined to establish adequate funds.

If you have any questions, please contact me at the Navajo Nation Department of Water Resources at (928) 729-4004. Thank you for your time and attention to this matter.

## MEMORANDUM

Date: January 19, 2016
To: 164 Reviewers
From:


Re: Proposal to Modify the Navajo Nation Tax Code for a NTUA Emergency Reserve and Replacement Funds

This proposal seeks to modify the Navajo Nation Tax Code to set aside taxes collected from the construction of public water and waste water systems, and sales tax from the Navajo Tribal Utility Authority (NTUA) water and wastewater services and to deposit those funds into a proposed NTUA Emergency Reserve and Replacement Funds. Funds from the NTUA Emergency Reserve and Replacement Fund will not be accessed until a fund management plan is approved by the Budget and Finance Committee. Supporting documents include: The proposed amendments to the Tax Code include the following supporting documents: Exhibit A - Concept Paper that describes the reasons for the creation of the NTUA Emergency Reserve and Replacement Funds; Exhibit B - supporting resolution from the NTUA Management Board; Exhibit C - a neutral resolution from the Navajo Tax Commission; and Exhibit D - a draft Fund Management Plan.

The reasons from modifying the Tax Code and creating these funds include:

1. There is currently no fund of this type to address NTUA's existing aging water systems that deliver water to businesses and more than 130,000 residents of the Navajo Nation. Without a fund of this type to address emergencies and replacement, basic services to customers may take days or weeks to address.
2. Public Law 111-11 will require funds of this type for the operator of the $\$ 1.13$ billion Navajo Gallup Water supply Project.
3. These fund will help enable NTUA to continue to operate public water systems throughout the Navajo Nation.

If you have any questions, please contact me at the Navajo Nation Water Management Branch at (928) 729-4501. Thank you for your time and attention to this matter.

Navajo Tribal Utilities Authority Replacement Reserve and Emergency Fund Concept Paper<br>(January 2016)

## I. Issue

A. Existing water infrastructure

The Navajo Tribal Utility Authority (NTUA) has more than 100 public water and wastewater systems with more than 5,800 miles of pipeline serving more than 130,000 people. The value of these systems is more than $\$ 400$ hundred million dollars. However, there is no fund set up to deal with these aging utility systems. These systems are deteriorating. Even now, NTUA has a tough time maintaining and repairing these systems. As they age, the problem worsens. During cold hard freezes, during droughts, and during heavy monsoon events, systems will fail. It will become harder and harder for NTUA to keep up with this increasing work load. These failures will drive away economic development. This problem is a Navajo Nation problem and not just an NTUA problem. The future well-being of the Nation is at stake.
B. Navajo Nation Municipal Pipeline and Navajo Gallup Water Supply Project.

The Navajo Nation Municipal Pipeline from Farmington to Shiprock cost more than \$50 million. The Navajo Gallup Water Supply Project cost will cost $\$ 1.13$ billion (June 2015 dollars). Major project failures could cost millions of dollars to address. In addition to the existing infrastructure, these new projects will significantly increase the long term operation, maintenance and repair burden for NTUA.

Before these new projects can begin operating, the Bureau of Reclamation (Reclamation) will require some type of Replacement Reserve and Emergency Fund for them. While the Navajo Nation and Reclamation have not determined what it should be, the required funding levels could be many millions of dollars.

## II. Possible Sources of Funding

A. Increase rates. NTUA can pass the cost on to its water and wastewater customers. However, NTUA rates are already among the highest water and wastewater rates in the region while its customers are among the poorest. In addition, if rates go up too much, then users will
use less water or they will be forced to disconnect due to non-payment. This situation may create a downward spiral with less water use, resulting in less income for NTUA. Less income results in more expensive water for the remaining water users.
B. Navajo Nation sales tax on water and wastewater consumption sales. Sale tax is already being collected by the Navajo Nation. In 2014, this amount was approximately $\$ 1,075,000$. This tax could be directed to a fund for these public water systems. Taxing essential commodities like food and water may be considered regressive. However, if the sales tax on water and wastewater is directed to a fund to support the water and wastewater projects, then it would help the water users in the long run.
C. Navajo Nation sales tax on the construction of public water and wastewater systems. This tax is already being collected by the Navajo Nation. In 2014, this amount was approximately $\$ 231,000$ for Indian Health Service (IHS) projects constructed by NECA. This tax could be directed to a fund to support these public water and wastewater systems. IHS will only construct feasible water and wastewater projects. Part of determining whether or not a project is feasible depends on the cost per household, and also on having a viable operator. IHS is running out of feasible Navajo projects. If IHS stops constructing water and wastewater projects, then there will be no tax revenue from this source. But, if directing this tax to the fund helps NTUA to be able to operate more projects, IHS will be able to continue building more projects.
D. Navajo Nation sales tax on the construction of the Navajo Gallup Water Supply Project. The Navajo Nation will collect tax on the construction of the Navajo Gallup Water Supply Project. The total project cost is estimated to be $\$ 1.13$ billion in 2015 dollars. Reclamation has estimated that during the next 14 years, the total Navajo Nation tax will be $\$ 24.6$ million which could be directed to this fund.
E. Federal and State Funding. The Navajo Nation could approach the federal and state governments for funding for this purpose. However, it seems very unlikely that there would be strong political support for this option.
F. Various Navajo settlement funds. Various Navajo settlement funds could be directed to this fund. For instance, the San Juan River settlement incluđes a $\$ 50$ million water development fund. In the future, a portion of that funding could be directed to the RREF funds.

## III. Structure of the Replacement Reserve and Emergency Fund (RREF)

A proposal for establishing and authorizing the Navajo Tribal Utility Authority Capital Replacement Reserve and Emergency Fund for the Public Water and Wastewater Systems Operated by the Navajo Tribal Utility Authority has been developed. If the fund is authorized, the specific details of the RREF plan will be defined and approved by the appropriate oversight committee before funds can be accessed. This fund needs to be established immediately to ensure the prompt transfer and operation of the Navajo Nation Municipal Pipeline between Farmington and Shiprock from Reclamation to the Navajo Nation, and to take advantage of near term appropriations that will be used to construct the Navajo-Gallup Water Supply Project.

EXHBRT B"

## RESOLUTION OF THE MANAGEMENT BOARD OF THE NAVAJO TRIBAL UTILITY AUTHORITY

NTUA-27-09

## Approving Pursuit of the Establishment of a Navajo Water System Reserve Trust Fund for the Repair and Future Replacement of Public Water Systems Within the Navalo Nation

## WHEREAS:

1. The Management Board of the Navajo Tribal Utility Authority ("Authority") is delegated authority and responsibility for the management and operation of the Authority pursuant to 21 N.N.C. $87(a)(1)$; and
2. NTUA Management is in discussions with the Navajo Nation Department of Water Resources concerning the creation of a public trust fund to pay the costs of repair and replacement of existing public water systems within the Navajo Nation, such funds to be derived from Navajo Nation Sales Tax revenue generated from the construction of Public Water Systems and Gross Water Revenues; and
3. NTUA Management seeks Management Board approval of continued discussions and development of a proposal for the establishment of a Navajo Water System Reserve Trust Fund to be presented to the Navajo Nation Council, appropriate standing committees of the Navajo Nation Council, Navajo Nation executive offices, and the Office of Navajo Tax Commission.

## NOW THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED THAT:

1. The Management Board of the Navajo Tribal Utility Authority hereby approves and authorizes Authority Management to pursue development of a proposal and to continue discussions with the Navajo Nation Department of Water Resources, appropriate Navajo Nation Council standing committees, the Office of Navajo Tax Commission, other appropriate Navajo Nation executive offices, and Indian Health Services to establish a Navajo Water System Reserve Trust Fund for the repair and replacement of public water systems within the Navajo Nation, such funds to be derived from Navajo Nation Sales Tax revenue generated from the construction of Public Water Systems and Gross Water Revenues.
2. The General Manager is directed to report to the Management Board prior to presentation of such proposal to the Navajo Nation Council for final approval.

NTUA-27-09

## CERTIFICATION

1 hereby certify that the foregoing resolution was duly considered by the Management Board of the Navajo Tribal Utility Authority at a duly called meeting in Dilkon, Arizona on this $25^{\text {th }}$ day of June 2009, at which a quorum was present, and the same was passed by a vote of $S$ in favor, 0 opposed, and 0 abstaining.


TAX-09-213

Reaffirning the Tax Commission's policy Regarding Lse of Tax Revence

## WHEREAS:

1. Pursuant to 2 N.N.C. $\$ 3353$, the Navajo Tax Commission has the authority to review and study all sources of wealth within the Navajo Nation, to lay and collect taxes, and to adopt appropriate rules and regulations; and
2. From time to time, various entities have approached the Commission requesting that the Commission take action to earmark tax revenue, including amounts to be released from the Tax Administration Suspense Fund; and
3. The Commission's primary purpose is to develop tax policy and to administer the tax system. Decisions regarding the expenditure of tax revenues are the responsibility of the Navajo Nation Council and the President of the Navajo Nation; and
4. The Commission previously determined that it was appropriate to adopt a formal policy stating that the Commission is neutral on the earmarking of tax revenue, and in October, 2003, the Commission, in TAX-03-183, adopted the policy of remaining neutral on the issue of the use of tax revenue, except when its position was specifically solicited by the Council or the President; and
5. The Commission has now detemined that it would prefer to remain neutral in all circumstances, even when its position is solicited by the Council or the President; and
6. It is therefore appropriate to reaffirm the Commission's position regarding the use of tax revenue, and, by removing the reference to requests from the Council or the President, to clarify that this neutrality applies in all circumstances.

NOW THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED THAT:
The Navajo Tax Commission hereby reaffirms its current policy that it will remain neutral on the issuc of the use of tax revenue, including amounts released from the Tax Administration Suspense Fund.

## CERTIFICATION

I hereby certify that the foregoing resolution was duly considered by the Navajo Tax Conunission at a duly called meeting in Window Rock, Navajo Nation (Arizona) at which a quorum was present and that the same was passed by a vote of 4 in favor and 0 opposed, with 0 abstaining, this $26^{\text {th }}$ day of May, 2009.

Motioned: Scott Taylor
Seconded: Moroni Benally


January 5, 2016
Arash Moalemi, Corporate Attorney Navajo Tribal Utility Authority P.O. Box 170

Ft. Defiance, AZ 86504
Re: Navajo Tax Commission Neutrality on Tax Revenue Policy

Received


Mr. Moalemi,
This letter is to update the Navajo Tribal Utility Authority ("NTUA") on the Navajo Tax Commission's ("Commission") consideration to formally support establishment of the proposed Replacement Reserve and Emergency Fund ("proposed fund").

As the Commission understands, NTUA is charged with managing more than 100 public water and wastewater systems, which includes over 5,800 miles of pipeline serving more than 130,000 people. While the value of these systems is several hundred million dollars, there is no fund set up to deal with these aging utility systems. The proposal at issue would divert collections from the Navajo Sales Tax into the proposed fund.

The Commission indeed understands the urgency of this need and the important role the proposed fund can play in serving the Navajo Nation. However, the Commission has adopted a policy of neutrality in terms of earmarking tax revenues once a Navajo tax has been fully established. Attached to this correspondence is Navajo Tax Commission Resolution TAX-09-213, which articulates this policy. Specifically, the Resolution states that "[d]ecisions regarding the expenditure of tax revenues are the responsibility of the Navajo Nation Council and the President of the Navajo Nation." Thus the Commission will remain committed to this policy and not take a formal position with regard to the proposed fund.

The Commission appreciates NTUA's collaboration and understanding. If there are any further questions or concerns, please feel free to reach me by phone at 928.871 .6992 or email at mashley@navajotax.org.

Sincerely,

Letter to Arash Moleni, Corporate Attorney
Dated January 5, 2016
Page Two

Cc: Geraldine Kee-Yazzie, Chairperson, NTC (via email)
Robert Joe, "Acting" Chief of Staff, OPVP (via email)
Chad Yazzie, Tax Attorney, ONTC (via email)

# Draft Fund Mgnt. Plan 

EXHIBIT D to Enimhit Ex

Establishing and Authorizing the Navajo Tribal Utility Authority Capital Replacement Reserve Fund and Emergency Fund for the Public Water and Wastewater Systems Operated by the Navajo Tribal Utility Authority
(December 21, 2015 Draft)
SECTION 1. ESTABLISHMENT (Note: This paragraph will be subject to the final legislation approved by the Navajo Nation Council.)

There is hereby established the Navajo Tribal Utility Authority Capital Replacement Reserve Fund and Emergency Fund (Funds) for the public water and wastewater systems operated by the Navajo Tribal Utility Authority (NTUA). All projected revenues generated from the sales tax on the construction of public water and wastewater systems and on NTUA's gross water and wastewater revenues will be deposited into the Funds, as well as any contributions made by other parties or entities, funds provided through the Navajo Nation Water Resources Development Trust Fund as authorized through Public Law 111-11, funds provided through other settlements, and any additional appropriations made by the Navajo Nation Council.

The Capital Replacement Reserve Fund will provide resources to repair or replace NTUA public water and wastewater system facilities (including the sections of the Navajo Gallup Water Supply Project that NTUA may operate and maintain) that have reached the end of their normal service or design life based on generally accepted engineering standards, as needed. The goal is to establish repair and replacement funds equal to 20 percent of the undepreciated values (as reported in the NTUA Annual Audit Report) of these facilities.

The Emergency Fund will provide resources to cover costs incurred by NTUA for public water and wastewater system facilities (including the sections of the Navajo Gallup Water Supply Project that NTUA may operate and maintain) during periods of special stress caused by damaging droughts, storms, earthquakes, floods or other emergencies threatening or causing interruption of water or wastewater service. The goal is to establish emergency funds equal to one year of annual operation and maintenance of these facilities.

## SECTION 2. INVESTMENT OF THE FUNDS

All amounts of money deposited in the Funds shall be invested as soon as practical in accordance with Investment Objectives and Investment Policies of the Navajo Nation as formally adopted by the Budget and Finance Committee of the Navajo Nation Council.

## SECTION 3. DEFINITIONS OF FUNDS INCOME AND FUNDS PRINCIPAL

(a) Funds Income All earnings (Interest, dividends, etc) generated by the Principal of the Fund.
(b) Funds Principal All Navajo Nation projected revenue generated from the sales tax on the construction of public water and wastewater systems and on NTUA's gross water and wastewater revenues, any contributions made by other parties or entities, funds provided through the Navajo Nation Water Resources Development Trust Fund as authorized through Public Law 111-11, funds provided through other settlements, and any additional appropriations made by the Navajo Nation Council.

## SECTION 4. EXPENDITURES OF FUNDS PRINCIPAL AND INCOME

(a) No Fund Income or Principal shall be expended until the Funds' Combined Principal has reached $\$ 10$ million, or ten years after the enactment of the Fund Management Plan, whichever occurs first.
(b) Fund Income or Principal shall be used to repair or replace, as needed, NTUA public water and wastewater system facilities (including the sections of the Navajo Gallup Water Supply Project that NTUA may operate and maintain) that have reached the end of their normal service or design life based on generally accepted engineering standards.
(c) Fund Income or Principal shall be used to address system improvements needed as a result of regulatory compliance.
(d) Fund Income or Principal shall be used to meet costs incurred by NTUA for public water and wastewater system facilities (including the sections of the Navajo Gallup Water Supply Project that NTUA may operate and maintain) during periods of special stress caused by damaging droughts, storms, earthquakes, floods or other emergencies threatening or causing interruption of water or wastewater service.
(e) The expenditure of the Funds Income or Principal shall be entrusted to the NTUA.

## SECTION 6. ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT

The Fund shall be audited annually by outside external auditors. The audit report shall be made available to the oversight committees, the Office of the Speaker, the Office of the President and the Vice President, and members of the Navajo Nation Council. This audit report may be combined with the existing reporting processes that NTUA currently utilizes.

## SECTION 7. AMENDMENTS

Any section or sections herein may be amended by the majority vote of the full membership of the Navajo Nation Council.

## SECTION 8. EXPENSES FOR ADMINSTRATION AND MANAGEMENT OF FUNDS

All expenses directly associated with the administration and management of the Fund shall be paid from the Fund Income as approved by the appropriate Committee of the Council as determined by the Speaker of the Council. Such expenses shall include investment advisory and management fees, audit costs, and other related expenses, all pursuant to duly approved contracts for such services.

## NGWSP Facilities

Capital
Replacement
Reserve Fund
$\$ 77.0$ million
$\$ 18.98 \mathrm{~m}$
$; 12.48 \mathrm{~m}$

Emergency Reserve Fund $\$ 15$ million $\$ 5.12 \mathrm{~m}$

| $\$ 6.50 \mathrm{~m}$ |
| :---: |
| $\begin{array}{c}\text { Other Trust } \\ \text { Funds } \\ \$ 8 \text { million in } \\ 2019\end{array}$ |

NGWSP Construction Tax ( $60 \%$ of $\$ 26$ million through 2024)

Capital Replacement Reserve Fund $\$ 77.5$ million \$25.10m


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\$ 3.12 \mathrm{~m} \quad \$ 2.65 \mathrm{~m}
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$\qquad$
Exhibit 1
$\qquad$

## SECTION 164 REVIEW FORM

Title of Document: Proposal to Modify NN Tax Code for NTUA
Contact Name: JOHN, JASON G
Program/Division: DIVISION OF NATURAL RESOURCES
Email: $\qquad$ jasonjohn@navajo-nsn.gov

Phone Number:
(928) 729-4004

Division Director Approval for 164A:


Check document category; only submit to category reviewers. Each reviewer has a maximum 7 working days, except Business Regulatory Department which has 2 days, to review and determine whether the documents) are sufficient or insufficient. If deemed insufficient, a memorandum explaining the insufficiency of the documents) is required.

## Section 164(A) Final approval rests with Legislative Standing Committees) or Council

$\qquad$ Sufficient Insufficient 1. OAG:

Date:


IGA, Budget Resolutions, Budget Reallocation or amendments: (OMB and Controller sign ONLY if document expends or receives funds)

1. OMB:
2. OOC:
3. OAG:

OAG (2)


Date:
Date:


Section 164(B) Final approval rests with the President of the Navajo Nation

Grant/Funding Agreement or amendment:

1. Division:
2. OMB:
3. OOC:
4. OAG: $\qquad$

$\square$ Subcontract/Contract expending or receiving funds or amendment:
5. Division:
6. BRD:
7. OMB:
8. OOC:
9. OAG: $\qquad$ Date:
Date: $\qquad$
Date:
Date:
Date:

$\square$ Letter of Assurance/M.O.A./M.O.U./Other agreement not expending funds or amendment:
10. Division:
11. OAG:

Date: $\qquad$

M.O.A. or Letter of Assurance expending or receiving funds or amendment:

1. Division:
2. OMB:
3. OOC:
4. OAG:


Date:
Date:
Date:
Date:


Pursuant to 2 N.N.C. § 164 and Executive Order Number 07-2013,

The Navajo Nation

## RUSSELL BEGAYE PRESIDENT JONATHAN NE VICE-PRESIDENT

## MEMORANDUM:

TO : 2 NNC § 164 Reviewers
Delegates \& 2 NNC '164 Reviewers Navajo Nation Government
$\qquad$
Robert Willie, Accounting Manager Office of the Controller

DATE : April 6, 2016

SUBJECT : 164 Review-005290- Proposal to Modify the Navajo Nation Tax Code for NTUA Emergency Reserve and Replacement Funds.

The Office of the Controller has reviewed the above referenced document.

1. The proposed plan is asking for $60 \%$ of the Sales Tax Revenue. What effect on the General Funds revenue would this cause. Currently the FY 17 revenue projection is about 15 million less than FY 16, 24 if you consider that the Tax Admin Suspense fund released dollars to help the General Fund. Any further reduction in the General Fund would result in cost cutting measures that would need to be addressed.
2. A schedule showing the prior $60 \%$ collected in previous years would be helpful in determining how much is being considered.

If you should have any questions you can contact me at tribal extension X6125.

March 11, 2016
MEMORANDUM:
TO : Reviewers/Sponsors/Division/Committees
FROM


SUBJECT : 164 Number \#005290 - Proposal to Modify the Navajo Nation Tax Code for NTUA Emergency Reserve and Replacement Funds

Pursuant to authority established at 2 NNC §1201-1205 and 12 NNC §820 (M) for budget analysis, the Office of Management \& Budget (OMB) reviewed the above and offers the following:

1. Although Navajo Tax Commission is "neutral", the following should be provided:
a. How much tax revenue involved?
b. Sales Tax from water projects/systems, at $60 \%$, would be what amount?

OMB recommends the above issues and questions be addressed. Should there be any questions, please contact OMB at (928) 871-6570.


Dominie Beyal, Executive Director Office of Management and Budget
xc : OMB file


RESUBMITTAL (April 2014)

NAVAJO NATION DEPARTMEATHETUSTICE

DOCUMENT REVIEW REQUEST FORM


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NNDOJ/DRRF-July 2013


RESUBMITTAL

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NNDOJ/DRRF-July 2013

MEMORANDUM

TO: Jason John, Branch Manager
Water Management Branch
Department of Water Resources

FROM:


Veronica Blackhat, Asst. Attorney General
Natural Resources Unit
Navajo Nation Department of Justice
DATE: June 23, 2016
SUBJECT: Doc. 005290: Review of Proposal to Modify the Navajo Nation Tax Code for the Navajo Tribal Utility Authority.

The Department of Justice has reviewed the proposed amendments to the Navajo Nation Tax Code and has determined it be legally insufficient. The Navajo Tribal Utility Authority (NTUA) is the entity proposing this legislation; therefore, NTUA should submit this legislation to the legislative branch. The Department of Water Resources - Water Management Branch is not the agent in this matter. This should not have been submitted through the 164 review process as it is not legislation being proposed by an Executive Branch entity.

If you have any questions regarding this memorandum, please contact me at 8716347. Thank you.

OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT \& VICE PRESIDENT REQUEST FOR SERVICES

Date of request $\mathbf{1 / 1 9 / 2 0 1 6}$
Name: Jason John
Phone Number: (928) 729-4004
164 Review No. 5207
Support Letter Subject: $\qquad$
Description of Service:
Proposal to Modify the Navajo Nation Tax Code for NTUA Emergency Reserve and Replacement Funds
*RECOMMENDATIONS: (Authorized Personnel Only)*

Called: $\qquad$ for document pickup Date: $\qquad$ Time: $\qquad$ am/pm
Called: $\qquad$ for document pickup Date: $\qquad$ Time: $\qquad$ am/pm

Picked up by: $\qquad$ Date/Time: $\qquad$ :_ am/pm


